

NAME	NIA	GRADE
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Introduction to Networks Science (2022-2023)

————— *MID-TERM EXAM* —————

WRITE YOUR ANSWERS BRIEFLY and CLEARLY IN THE BLANK SPACES. PLEASE UNDERLINE KEY WORDS IN YOUR ANSWERS. PLEASE IF YOU INCLUDE INTERMEDIATE CALCULATIONS, CIRCLE THE FINAL RESULT. IF FOR SOME REASON (E.G., IF AFTER YOU HAVE WRITTEN THE SOLUTION YOU REALIZE THAT THERE IS SOME MISTAKE), YOU CAN ATTACH AN EXTRA SHEET TO YOUR EXAM. IN THIS CASE, INDICATE CLEARLY THAT THE SOLUTION CAN BE FOUND IN THE EXTRA SHEET.

Problem 1

1 point

What is an *emerging property*? Give an example in the context of a complex network.

Answer:

Problem 2

1 point

You are given an undirected *line graph* of N nodes.

What is the average degree on this graph? Justify your answer.

Answer:

Problem 3

1 point

You are given an adjacency matrix $A = (a_{ij})_{N \times N}$ for a directed graph G of N nodes.

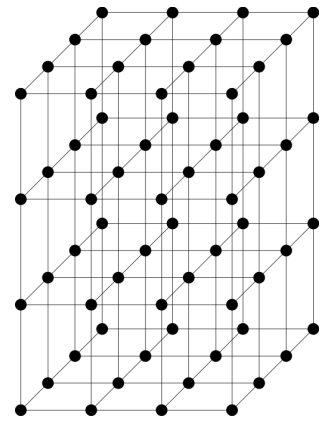
Write a formula for the average out-degree of graph $\langle k^{out} \rangle$ and for the average in-degree $\langle k^{in} \rangle$ of graph G , as a (potentially nested) sum. Remember a_{ij} contains a 0 or 1 depending on whether a link from node i to node j exists.

Answer:

Problem 4

1 point

Consider a 3-dimensional *lattice graph*, similar to the one shown in the figure, containing n^3 nodes with $n > 3$. Observe that there are no nodes with degree 0, 1, or 2. Complete the degree frequency table below:



Answer:

Degree	Number of nodes
3	
4	
5	
6	

Problem 5

1 point

What is the *diameter* of the lattice of the previous question? Justify your answer.

Answer:

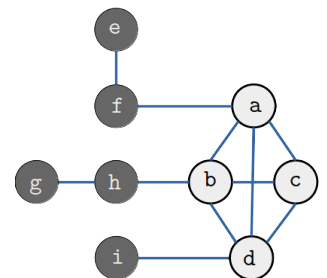
Problem 6

1 point

Consider the graph on the right, composed of 5 black nodes (we will name this group B) and 4 white nodes (we will name this group W).

Compute the homophily of both groups (include your calculations), and indicate if each group is homophilic, heterophilic, or neutral.

Answer:



Problem 7

1 point

Compute the clustering coefficient of all white nodes of the previous graph $\{a, b, c, d\}$ in their original graph (i.e., NOT as a subgraph). Write your results as simplified fractions.

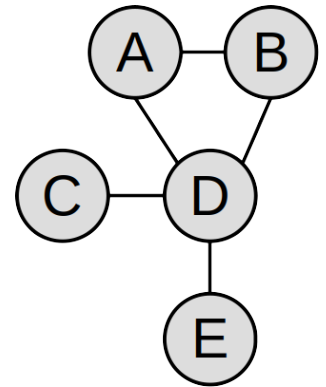
Answer: $C_a =$ $C_b =$ $C_c =$ $C_d =$

Problem 8

1 point

Use the Brandes-Newman algorithm to compute the edge betweenness of all the edges in this graph. Mark clearly your final answer.

Answer:

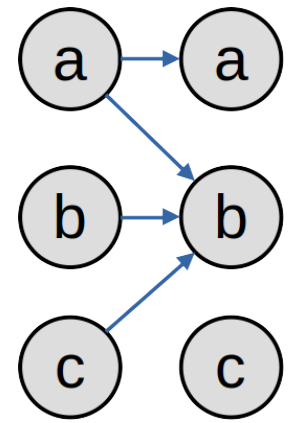


Problem 9

1 point

Complete the table below for computing Hubs and Authorities for the graph shown on the right using the procedure seen in class. Use decimal numbers with 3 digits, or simplified fractions.

Answer:



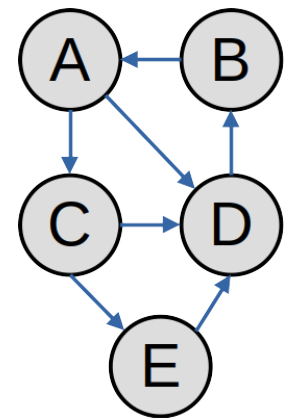
	$\widehat{H}(1)$	$A(1)$	$\widehat{A}(1)$	$H(2)$
a				
b				
c				

Problem 10

1 point

Perform two iterations of Simplified PageRank for the graph shown on the right. Indicate in the table below the initialization scores, the scores after the first iteration, and the scores after the second iteration. Use decimal numbers with 3 digits, or simplified fractions.

Answer:



	Initialization	Iteration 1	Iteration 2
A			
B			
C			
D			
E			